

Mobile Crisis Intervention Services is a program funded by the State of Connecticut in partnership with the United Way of Connecticut 2-1-1 and the Child Health and Development Institute (CHDI).







# **MOBILE CRISIS INTERVENTION SERVICES**

**Performance Improvement Center (PIC)** 

# MONTHLY REPORT July 2025

**Updated 8/15/25** 

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### **Executive Summary**

**Note:** As of January 2023, Mobile Crisis providers are available for a mobile response 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. Prior to January 2023, a mobile response was only available Monday – Friday 6:00 AM to 10:00 PM and from 1:00 PM to 10:00 PM on weekends. Unless stated otherwise, the data in this report reflects calls during all 24 hours. Select charts continue to break out data by old and new hours to highlight any differences during the expanded hours.

<u>Call and Episode Volume</u>: In July 2025, 2-1-1 and Mobile Crisis received 634 calls including 419 (66.1%) handled by Mobile Crisis providers and 215 calls (33.9%) handled by 2-1-1 only (e.g., calls for other information or resources, calls transferred to 9-1-1). This month showed a 1.7% decrease in call volume from July 2024 (n=645). Of the total calls and episodes, Mobile Crisis and 2-1-1 received 102 calls during the expanded overnight and weekend hours. This included 57 (55.9%) calls handled by Mobile Crisis providers and 45 (44.1%) calls handled by 2-1-1 only. The overnight and weekend call volume in July 2025 was lower than last month (134) and higher than July 2024 (88).

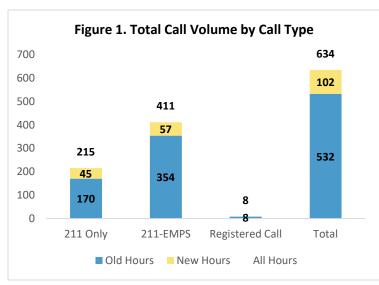
Among the **419 episodes of care** this month, episode volume ranged from 33 episodes (Southwestern) to 112 episodes (Hartford). The statewide average service reach rate per 1,000 children this month was 0.6 with service area rates ranging from 0.2 (Southwestern) to 0.8 (Eastern and Hartford) relative to their specific child populations. Additionally, the number of episodes generated relative to the number of children in poverty in each service area yielded a statewide average poverty service reach rate of 1.1 per 1,000 children in poverty, with service area rates ranging from 0.5 (Southwestern) to 2.5 (Central). During the expanded overnight and weekend hours, there were 57 episodes of care with episode volume ranging from 4 episodes (Eastern and Southwestern) to 16 episodes (Hartford and Western). The number of overnight and weekend episodes in June 2025 was lower than last month (101, June 2025).

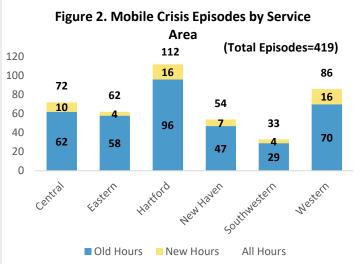
Mobility: Statewide mobility was 89.2% this month, which is lower than the rate in July 2024 (92.8%). Four of the six areas surpassed the 90% benchmark this month, with performance ranging from 67.5% (New Haven) to 93.8% (Eastern). Mobility for individual providers ranged from 67.5% (Clifford Beers) to 100% (CHR: Middlesex; UCFS: NE; Wheeler: Meriden; CFGC: Norwalk; Wellmore: Danbury). Ten of the fourteen individual providers met or exceeded the 90% mobility rate benchmark. The statewide mobility rate during the new hours was 71.1%, with three regions exceeding the 90% benchmark. Performance ranged from 16.7% (New Haven) to 100.0% (Eastern). The mobility rate during the traditional Mobile Crisis hours was 91.8%, higher than the overall rate of 89.2%. During the new hours, 42.1% of episodes requested a mobile response, 33.3% requested a deferred mobile response, and 24.6% requested a non-mobile response; in the traditional hours, 50.3% of episodes requested a mobile response, 32.2% requested a deferred mobile response, and 17.5% requested a non-mobile response. As seen in the mobility rate, the vast majority of callers requesting a mobile or deferred mobile response receive it.

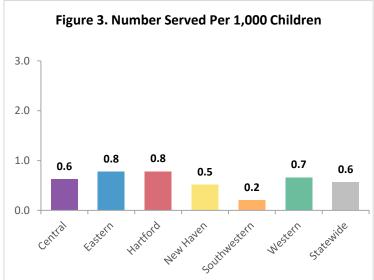
Response Time: Statewide, this month 85.1% of mobile episodes received a face-to-face response in 45 minutes or less, which is the higher than the rate in July 2024 (80.7%). Four of the six service areas were above the benchmark of 80% of mobile responses provided in 45 minutes or less, with performance ranging from 68.8% (Western) to 97.4% (Eastern). Nine of the fourteen sites met the 80% benchmark. The statewide median mobile response time was 31.0 minutes. The rate of episodes meeting response time during the traditional hours (85.5%) was nearly the same as the overall rate of 85.1%. During the expanded hours 81.3% of mobile episodes received a response within 45 minutes, with performance ranging from 0.0% (Southwestern) to 100% (Eastern, Hartford, New Haven). When looking at these rates, it is important to keep in mind that the number of overnight episodes is very low, and the number receiving a Mobile response is even lower.

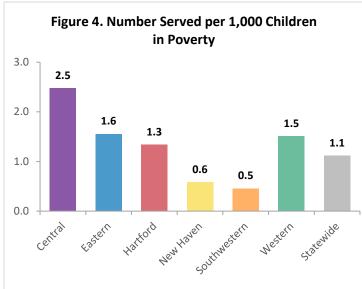
<u>Length of Stay (LOS):</u> The statewide median LOS for episodes discharged this month with a crisis response of *plus stabilization follow-up* was 10.0 days. The regional median LOS ranged from 6.0 days (Eastern and Western) to 23.0 days (New Haven). Note: these calculations only include episodes that began during FY2026.

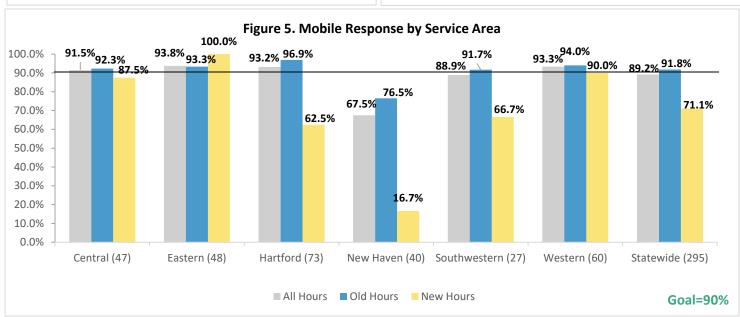
### Section I: Mobile Crisis Statewide/Service Area Dashboard

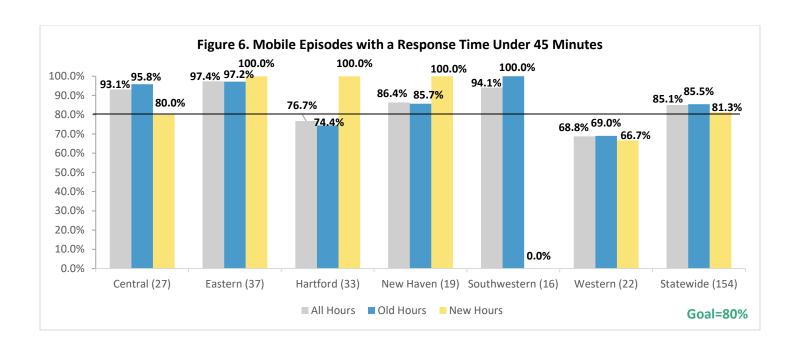




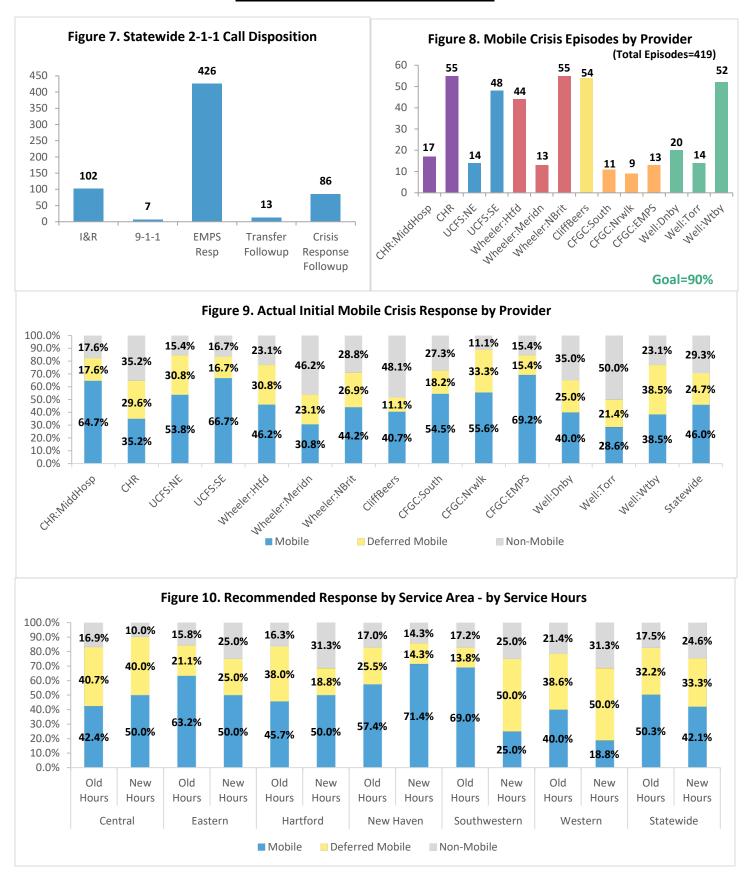


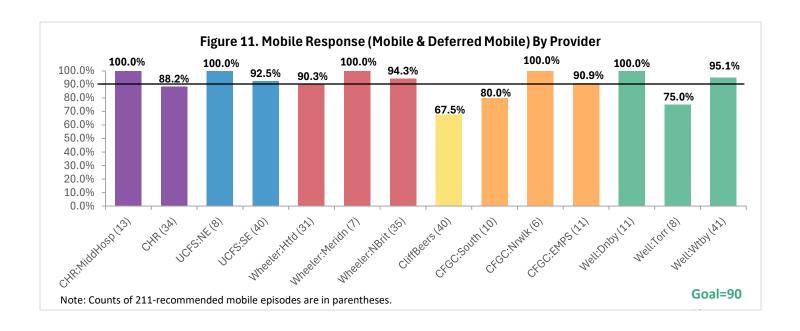




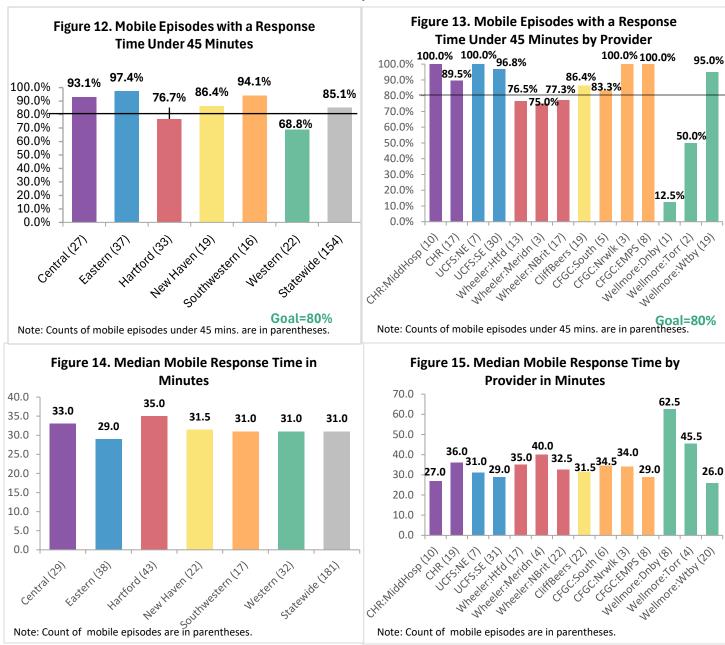


### **Section II: Mobile Crisis Response**

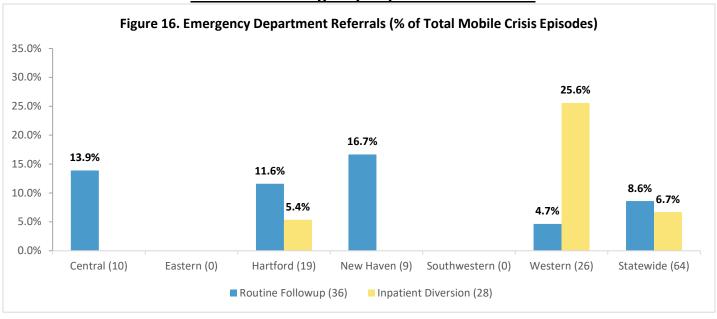


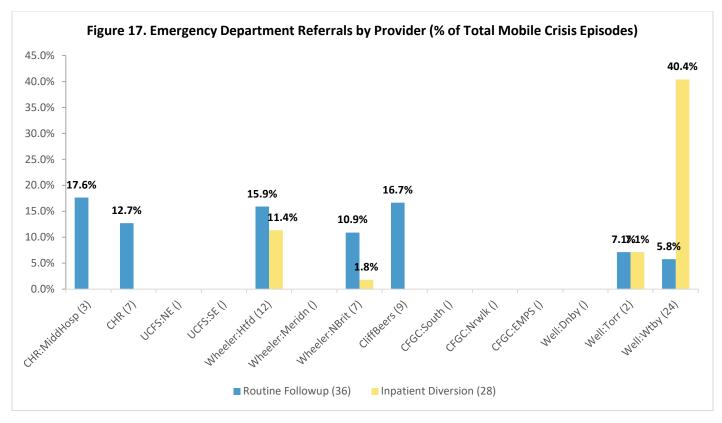


### **Section III: Response Time**



**Section IV: Emergency Department Referrals** 





## Section V: Length of Stay (LOS)

Table 1. LOS for <u>Discharged Episodes\*</u> with a Crisis Response Plus Stabilization Follow-up

	Discharged Episodes with a Crisis Response of Plus Stabilization Follow-up				
	Number of	Mean LOS	Median LOS	Percent Exceeding	
	Episodes	(in days)	(in days)	45 Days	
STATEWIDE	38	11.3	10.0	0.0% (n = 0)	
Central	15	12.9	10.0	0.0% (n = 0)	
Eastern	1	6.0	6.0	0.0% (n =0)	
Hartford	14	10.6	9.5	0.0% (n = 0)	
New Haven	1	23.0	23.0	0.0% (n = 0)	
Southwestern	2	13.0	13.0	0.0% (n = 0)	
Western	5	6.6	6.0	0.0% (n = 0)	

<sup>\*</sup>Only episodes that had both a start and a discharge date within FY2026 are included in this chart