



Mobile Crisis Intervention Services is a program funded by the State of Connecticut in partnership with the United Way of Connecticut 2-1-1 and the Child Health and Development Institute (CHDI).



## MOBILE CRISIS INTERVENTION SERVICES

Performance Improvement Center (PIC)

# *MONTHLY REPORT*

## October 2022

Updated 11/16/22

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The Mobile Crisis Intervention Services Performance Improvement Center is housed at the  
Child Health and Development Institute

## Executive Summary

**Note:** The COVID-19 pandemic began in March 2020, and while schools and businesses have re-opened, the effects of the pandemic are still ongoing. Mobile Crisis is still fully operational, and on rare occasions may respond to a call using video telehealth due to COVID-related concerns. Possible difficulties related to staffing and the effects of COVID-19 in both service provision and data collection should be taken into consideration when reviewing this report.

**Call and Episode Volume:** In October 2022, 2-1-1 and Mobile Crisis received 1,544 calls including 1,170 calls (75.8%) handled by Mobile Crisis providers and 374 calls (24.2%) handled by 2-1-1 only (e.g., calls for other information or resources, calls transferred to 9-1-1. This includes 2 Mobile Crisis response follow-up calls. This month showed a 14.3% decrease in call volume from October 2021 (n=1,801). Call volume remains 31.7% lower than the same month in 2019 (n=2,259), prior to the start of the pandemic.

Among the **1068 episodes of care** this month, episode volume ranged from 135 episodes (Eastern) to 299 episodes (Hartford). The statewide average service reach per 1,000 children this month was 1.6, with service area rates ranging from 0.9 (Southwestern) to 2.1 (Hartford) relative to their specific child populations. Additionally, the number of episodes generated relative to the number of children in poverty in each service area yielded a statewide average poverty service reach rate of 2.8 per 1,000 children in poverty, with service area rates ranging from 1.7 (Western) to 8.5 (Central).

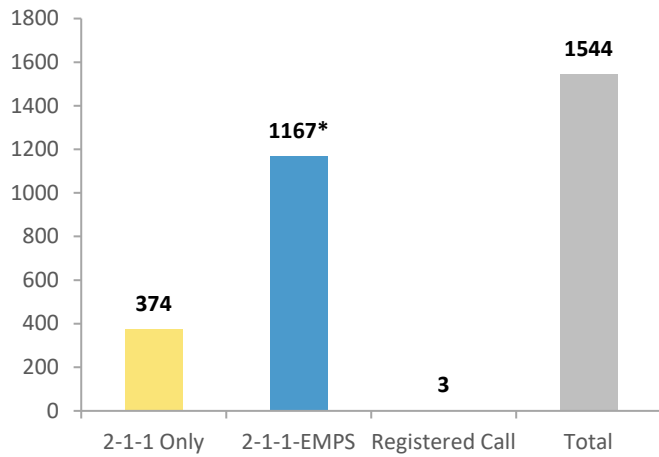
**Mobility:** Statewide mobility was **96.1% this month**; similar to than the rate in October 2021 (96.0 %). All the service areas were above the 90% benchmark this month, with performance ranging from 94.3% (New Haven) to 98.3% (Western). Mobility for individual providers ranged from 87.1% (CFGC: South) to 100% (CFGC: EMPS). Thirteen of the fourteen individual providers had mobility rates above the 90% benchmark. Since the beginning of the COVID-19 pandemic, both video telehealth and in-person responses are reflected within the report as “mobile” responses. Beginning in FY2022, the number of video telehealth episodes can be found in Figure 9. There was a slight decrease in telehealth responses this month (3, compared to 4 in October 2022).

**Response Time:** Statewide, this month **84.6% of mobile episodes received a face-to-face response in 45 minutes or less**, which is higher than the rate in October 2021 (78.7%). While video telehealth responses are counted as “mobile” responses, they are excluded from the response time calculations in this report. Five of the six service areas were at or above the benchmark of 80% of mobile responses provided in 45 minutes or less, with performance ranging from 70.5% (Hartford) to 93.2% (Central). Nine of the fourteen sites met the 80% benchmark. The statewide median mobile response time was 30.0 minutes.

**Length of Stay (LOS):** Statewide, among discharged episodes, **seven of the 307 plus stabilization follow-up episodes exceeded 45 days**. The statewide median LOS for episodes discharged this month with a crisis response of *plus stabilization follow-up* was 15.0 days. The regional median LOS ranged from 11.5 days (Western) to 35.0 days (New Haven). Note: these calculations only include episodes that began during FY2023.

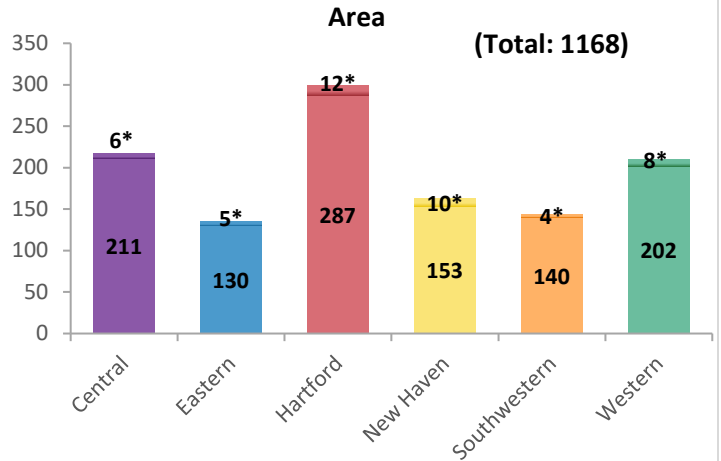
## Section I: Mobile Crisis Statewide/Service Area Dashboard

**Figure 1. Total Call Volume by Call Type**



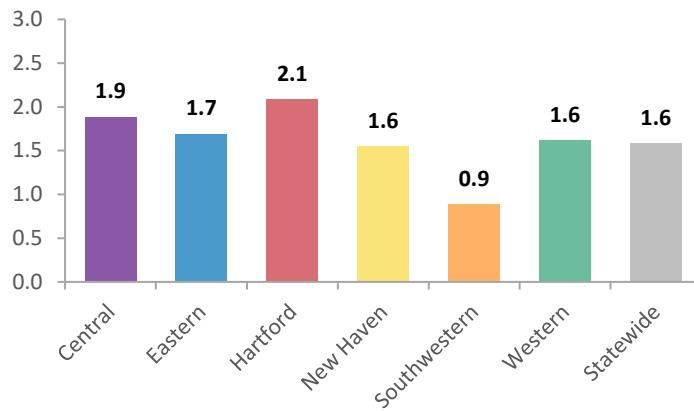
\*Excludes 2 crisis response follow-up calls

**Figure 2. Mobile Crisis Episodes by Service Area**

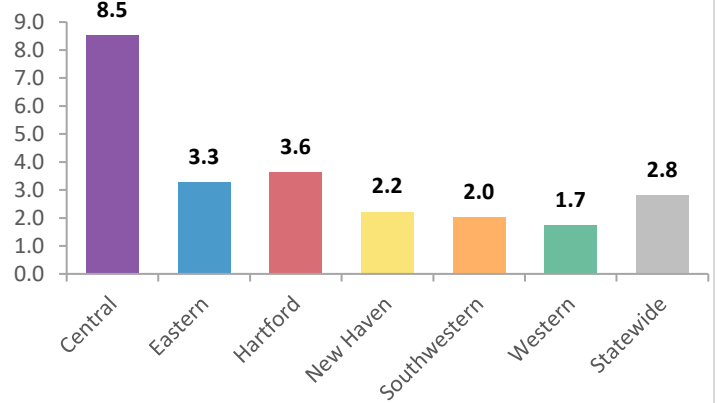


\*After Hours Calls that resulted in episodes

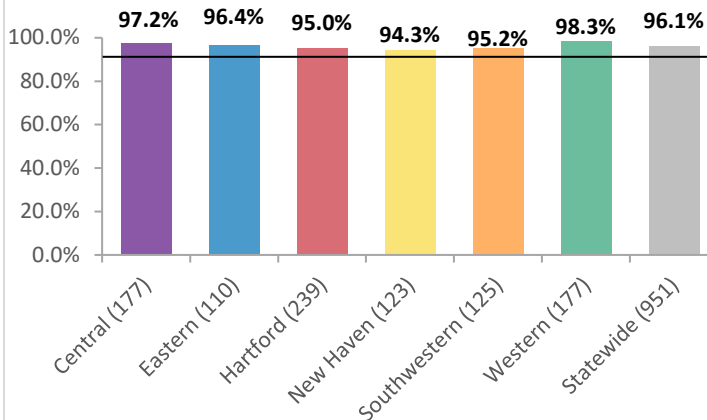
**Figure 3. Number Served Per 1,000 Children**



**Figure 4. Number Served per 1,000 Children in Poverty**



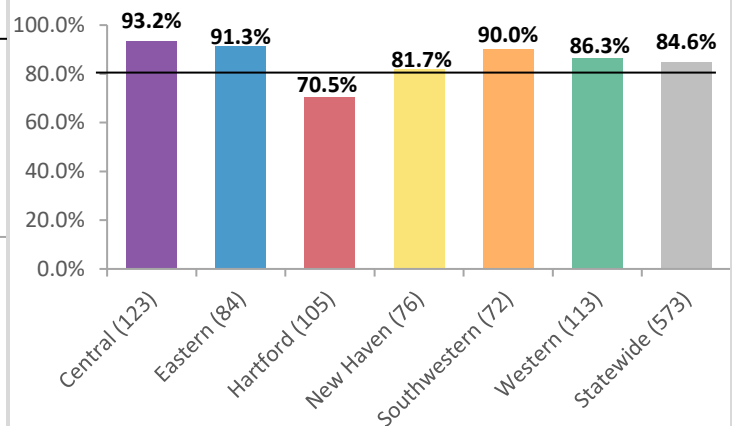
**Figure 5. Mobile Response by Service Area**



Note: Counts of 211-recommended mobile episodes are in parentheses.

**Goal=90%**

**Figure 6. Mobile Episodes with a Response Time Under 45 Minutes**

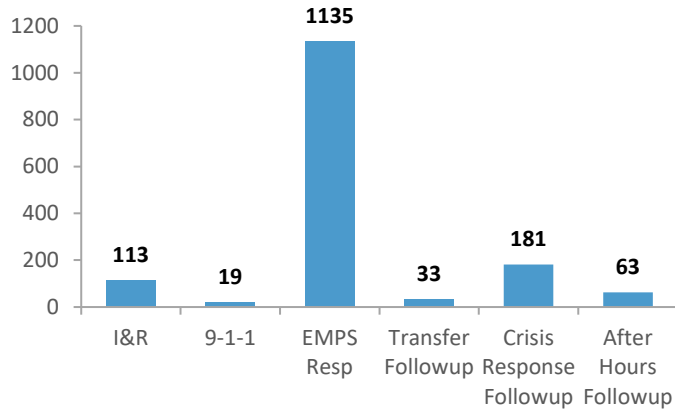


Note: Counts of mobile episodes under 45 mins. are in parentheses.

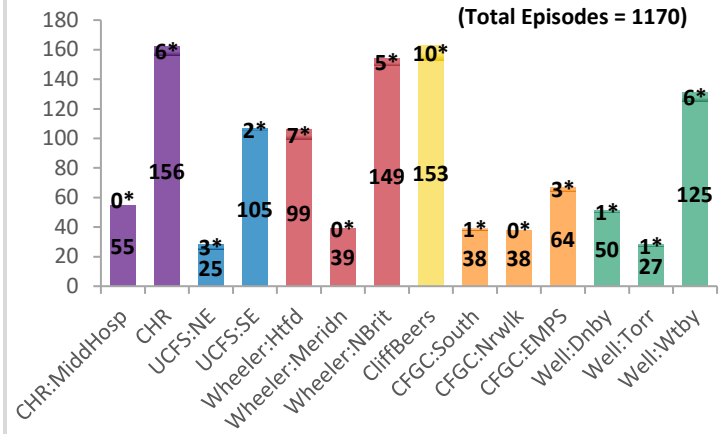
**Goal=80%**

## Section II: Mobile Crisis Response

**Figure 7. Statewide 2-1-1 Call Disposition**

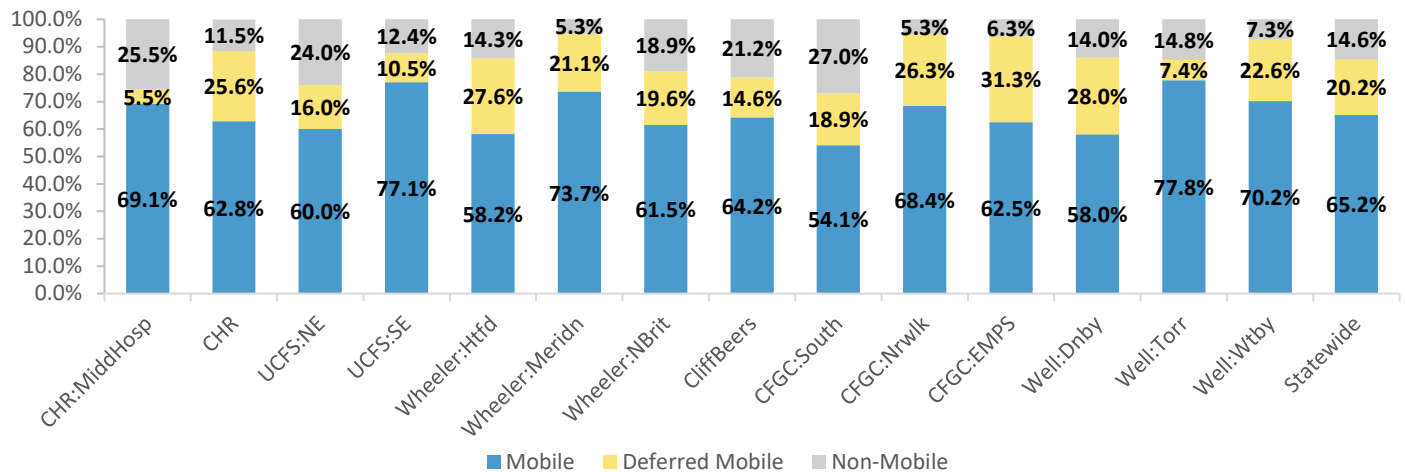


**Figure 8. Mobile Crisis Episodes by Provider**



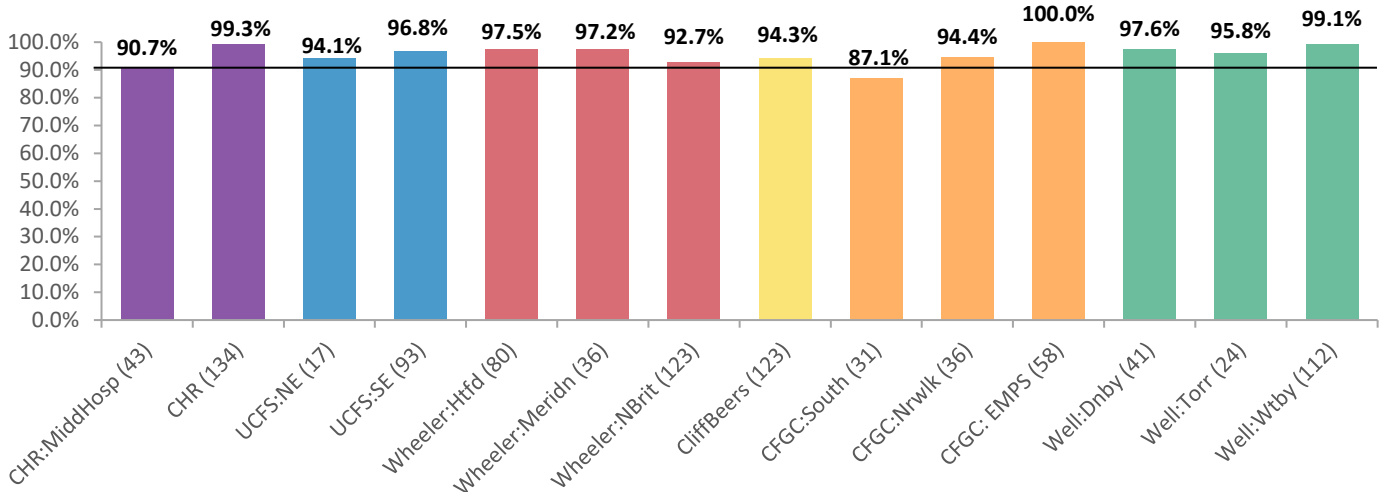
\*After Hours Calls that resulted in episodes

**Figure 9. Actual Initial Mobile Crisis Response\* by Provider**



\*Statewide, there were 3 mobile or deferred mobile episodes that were performed via video telehealth.

**Figure 10. Mobile Response\* by Provider**

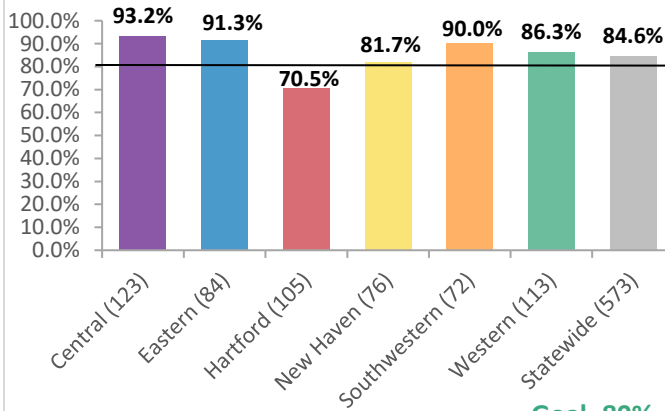


Note: Counts of 211-recommended mobile episodes are in parentheses.

Goal=90%

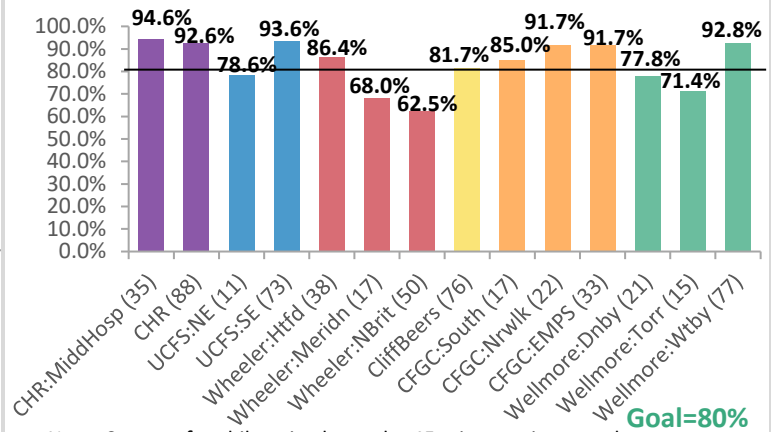
### Section III: Response Time

**Figure 11. Mobile Episodes with a Response Time Under 45 Minutes**



Note: Counts of mobile episodes under 45 mins. are in parentheses.

**Figure 12. Mobile Episodes with a Response Time Under 45 Minutes by Provider**



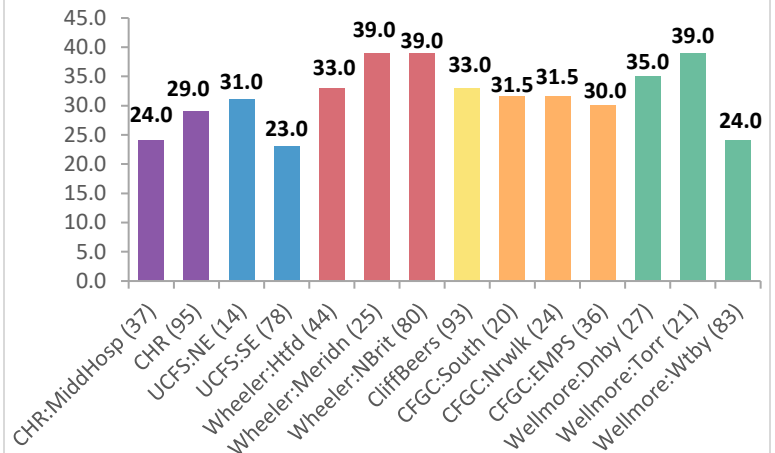
Note: Counts of mobile episodes under 45 mins. are in parentheses.

**Figure 13. Median Mobile Response Time in Minutes**



Note: Count of mobile response episodes are in parentheses.

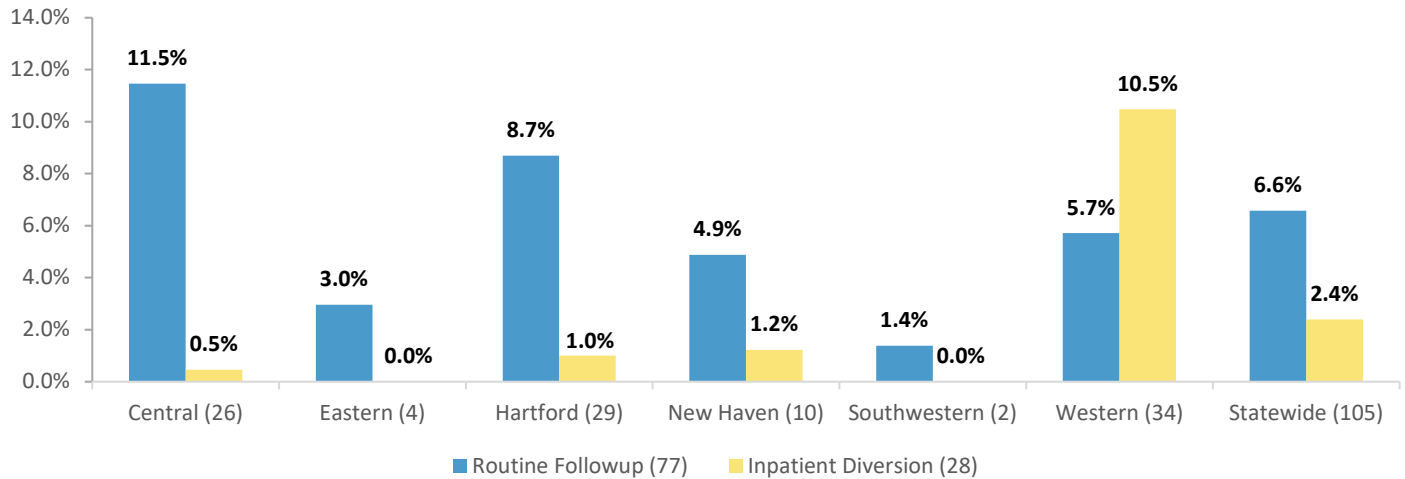
**Figure 14. Median Mobile Response Time by Provider in Minutes**



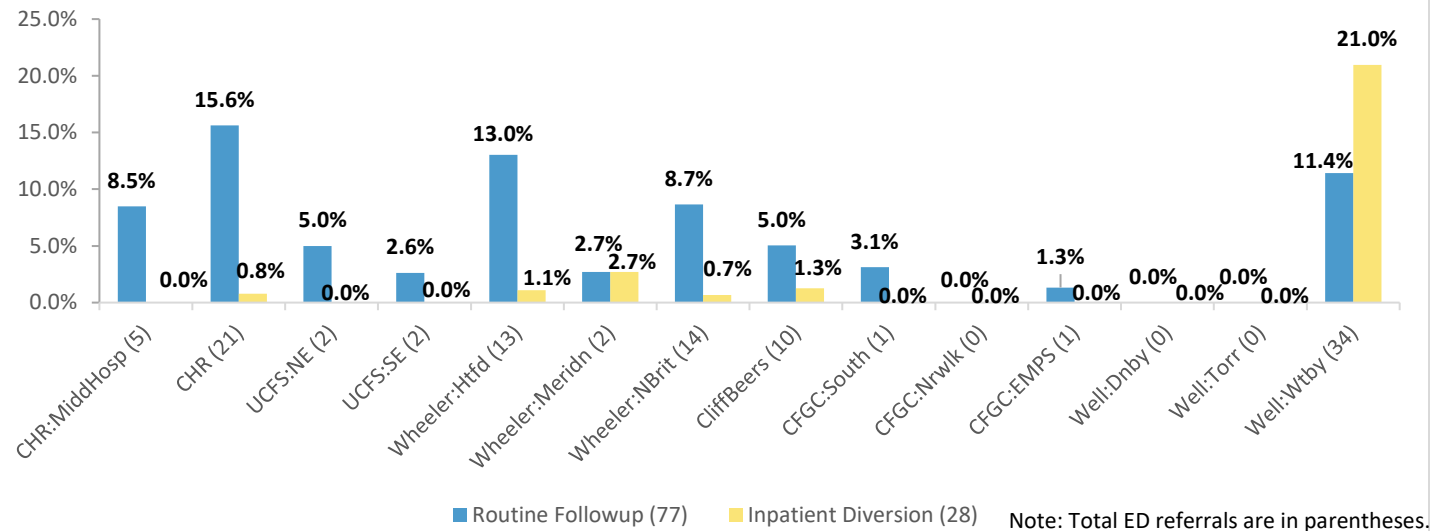
Note: Count of mobile response episodes are in parentheses.

## Section IV: Emergency Department Referrals

**Figure 15. Emergency Department Referrals (% of Total Mobile Crisis Episodes)**



**Figure 16. Emergency Department Referrals by Provider (% of Total Mobile Crisis Episodes)**



## Section V: Length of Stay (LOS)

**Table 1. LOS for Discharged Episodes\* with a Crisis Response Plus Stabilization Follow-up**

	Discharged Episodes with a Crisis Response of Plus Stabilization Follow-up			
	Number of Episodes	Mean LOS (in days)	Median LOS (in days)	Percent Exceeding 45 Days
<b>STATEWIDE</b>	<b>307</b>	<b>17.4</b>	<b>15.0</b>	<b>2.3% (n =7)</b>
<b>Central</b>	<b>109</b>	<b>16.5</b>	<b>14.0</b>	<b>1.3% (n =4)</b>
<b>Eastern</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>19.7</b>	<b>22.0</b>	<b>0% (n = 0)</b>
<b>Hartford</b>	<b>79</b>	<b>20.4</b>	<b>19.0</b>	<b>2.5% (n = 2)</b>
<b>New Haven</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>35.0</b>	<b>35.0</b>	<b>0% (n = 0)</b>
<b>Southwestern</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>29.2</b>	<b>25.0</b>	<b>11.1% (n = 1)</b>
<b>Western</b>	<b>102</b>	<b>14.6</b>	<b>11.5</b>	<b>0% (n = 0)</b>

\*Only episodes that had both a start and a discharge date within FY2023 are included in this chart.